

BROWN ADVISORY GLOBAL LEADERS SUSTAINABLE FUND

EUROPEAN SRI TRANSPARENCY CODE 2021



European SRI Transparency Code

The European SRI Transparency Code (the Code) focuses on SRI funds distributed publicly in Europe and is designed to cover a range of assets classes, such as equity and fixed income.

All information pertaining to the European SRI Transparency Code can be found at the following website: www.eurosif.org. The Code comes with a Guidance Manual for fund managers on how to best use and respond to the Code. The present version of the Code was approved by the Board of Eurosif on February 19, 2018.

REVISION OF THE CODE

In 2017 the Code was updated to better reflect the continuing evolution of the European SRI market. A Working Group was set up to facilitate revision of the Code in line with the latest developments in the industry and in view of the latest work carried out by experts at the European and global level.

Applications to sign up to the Code will now be in line with key elements of the recommendations made by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), Article 173 of the French TECV Act and the latest recommendations made by the High-Level Group of Experts on Sustainable Finance (HLEG) in its final report published in January 2018. Questions that are specifically designed to reflect those recommendations/legislation are indicated in the Code with footnotes.

TWO KEY MOTIVATIONS UNDERPIN THIS CODE

1. The opportunity for retail SRI funds to provide clarification to investors and other stakeholders about their SRI approach in an easily accessible and comparable format.
2. Proactive strengthening of self-regulation to contribute to the development and promotion of SRI funds by setting up a common framework for transparency best practices.

GUIDING PRINCIPLE

Signatories to the Code should be open and honest and should disclose accurate, adequate and timely information to enable stakeholders, especially consumers, to understand the ESG policies and practices of the fund.

COMMITMENTS BY SIGNATORIES

- The order and exact wording of the questions should be followed;
- Responses should be informative and clear, and the resources and methodologies used should be described in as much detail and as precisely as possible;
- Funds should report data in the currency that they use for other reporting purposes;
- Reasons preventing the fund from providing all or part of the information to a given question should be clearly stated and, in such cases, signatories should state when they will be able to answer the question;
- Responses should be updated at least on an annual basis and should have a precise publication date;
- Responses to the Code should be easily accessible from the website of the fund and/or of the fund manager. In any case, signatories should make it clear where to find the information required by the Code;
- Signatories are solely responsible for the answers to the questions, and should state this in their response.

Statement of Commitment

Complete/modify the below section accordingly

Sustainable and Responsible Investing is an essential part of the strategic positioning and behaviour of Brown Advisory. We have been involved in SRI since 1993 and welcome the European SRI Transparency Code.

This is our first statement of commitment and covers the period 16th July 2021 to 16th July 2022. Our full response to the European SRI Transparency Code can be accessed below and is available in the annual report of the retail funds and on our website.

Compliance with the Transparency Code

Brown Advisory is committed to transparency and we believe that we are as transparent as possible given the regulatory and competitive environments that exist in the countries in which we operate. Brown Advisory meets the full recommendations of the European SRI Transparency Code. (If the full recommendations are not met, please state if and when you hope to comply with the questions you cannot answer at this time).

16th July 2021

Eurosif classification of Sustainable and Responsible Investment¹ strategies

Sustainability Themed Investment: investment in themes or assets linked to the development of sustainability. Thematic funds focus on specific or multiple issues related to ESG. Sustainability Themed Investments inherently contribute to addressing social and/or environmental challenges, such as climate change, eco-efficiency and health. Funds are required to perform an ESG analysis or screening of investments in order to come under this category.

Best-in-Class Investment Selection: approach according to which leading or best-performing investments within a universe, category or class are selected or weighted based on ESG criteria. This approach involves the selection or weighting of the best-performing or most improved companies or assets as identified by ESG analysis within a defined investment universe. This approach includes best-in-class, best-in-universe and best-effort.

Norms-Based Screening: screening of investments according to their compliance with international standards and norms. This approach involves the screening of investments based on international norms or combinations of norms covering ESG factors. International norms on ESG are those defined by international bodies, such as the United Nations (UN).

Exclusion of Holdings from Investment Universe: an approach that excludes specific investments or classes of investment from the investible universe, such as companies, sectors or countries. This approach systematically excludes companies, sectors or countries from the permissible investment universe if they are involved in certain activities based on specific criteria. Common criteria include weapons, pornography, tobacco and animal testing. Exclusions can be imposed at the individual fund or mandate level, but also increasingly at the asset manager or asset owner level, across the entire product range of assets. This approach is also referred to as ethical or values-based exclusion, as exclusion criteria are typically based on the choices made by asset managers or asset owners.

Integration of ESG Factors into Financial Analysis: the explicit inclusion by asset managers of ESG risks and opportunities in traditional financial analysis and investment decisions based on a systematic process and appropriate research sources. This category covers explicit consideration of ESG factors alongside financial factors in the mainstream analysis of investments. The integration process focuses on the potential impact of ESG issues on company financials (positive and negative), which in turn may affect the investment decision.

Engagement and Voting on Sustainability Matters: engagement activities and active ownership through voting of shares and engagement with companies on ESG matters. This is a long-term process that seeks to influence behaviour or increase disclosure. Engagement and voting on corporate governance are necessary, but are not sufficient in themselves for inclusion in this category.

Impact Investing: impact Investments are investments in companies, organisations and funds with the intention of generating a social and environmental impact alongside a financial return. Impact investments can be made in both emerging and developed markets and target a range of returns from below market-to-market rate, depending upon the circumstances². Investments are often project-specific and distinct from philanthropy, as the investor retains ownership

¹ Sustainable and responsible investment ("SRI") is a long-term oriented investment approach which integrates ESG factors in the research, analysis and selection process of securities within an investment portfolio. It combines fundamental analysis and engagement with an evaluation of ESG factors in order to better capture long-term returns for investors and to benefit society by influencing the behaviour of companies. Ref. Eurosif 2016

of the asset and expects a positive financial return. Impact investing includes microfinance, community investing, social business/entrepreneurship funds and French *fonds solidaires*.

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1. List of funds covered by the Code

Name of the fund(s): Brown Advisory Global Leaders Sustainable Fund					
Dominant/preferred SRI strategy (Please choose a maximum of 2 strategies)	Asset class	Exclusions standards and norms	Fund capital as at 31 December	Other labels	Links to relevant documents
<input type="checkbox"/> Best-in-Class Investment section <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Engagement & Voting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ESG Integration <input type="checkbox"/> Exclusions <input type="checkbox"/> Impact Investing <input type="checkbox"/> Norms-Based Screening <input type="checkbox"/> Leading to exclusions <input type="checkbox"/> Leading to risk management analysis/engagement <input type="checkbox"/> Sustainability Themed	Passively managed <input type="checkbox"/> Passive investing – core benchmark: specify the index tracking <input type="checkbox"/> Passive investing – ESG/SRI benchmark: specify the index tracking Actively managed <input type="checkbox"/> Shares in a euro area country <input type="checkbox"/> Shares in an EU country <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> International shares <input type="checkbox"/> Bonds and other debt securities denominated in euro <input type="checkbox"/> International bonds and other debt securities <input type="checkbox"/> Monetary assets <input type="checkbox"/> Short-term monetary assets <input type="checkbox"/> Structured funds	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Controversial weapons <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alcohol <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tobacco <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arms <input type="checkbox"/> Nuclear power <input type="checkbox"/> Human rights <input type="checkbox"/> Labour rights <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gambling <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pornography <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Animal testing <input type="checkbox"/> Conflict minerals <input type="checkbox"/> Biodiversity <input type="checkbox"/> Deforestation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CO2 intensive (including coal) <input type="checkbox"/> Genetic engineering <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Norges Bank exclusion list) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Global Compact <input type="checkbox"/> OECD Guidelines for MNCs <input type="checkbox"/> ILO Conventions <input type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify)	The total assets of the Brown Advisory Global Leaders Sustainable Fund were 39.3m as of 31 st December 2020. The total assets of the Brown Advisory Global Leaders Sustainable Fund were 101.8m as of 31 st May 2021.	<input type="checkbox"/> French SRI label <input type="checkbox"/> French TEEC label <input type="checkbox"/> French CIES label <input type="checkbox"/> Luxflag Label <input type="checkbox"/> FNG Label <input type="checkbox"/> Austrian Ecolabel <input type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify)	- (KIID?) - Prospectus - Management report - Financial and non-financial reporting - Corporate presentations - Other (please specify)

Links: Brown Advisory Global Leaders Sustainable Fund

Document Requested	Link
KIID	KIID Library
Prospectus	Prospectus
Management report	Brown Advisory 2019 Annual Report
Financial and non-financial reporting	Brown Advisory Funds plc - Annual Report 2020
Corporate presentations	Firm Brochure
Monthly Factsheet	Monthly Fund Factsheet
Quarterly Presentation	UCITS Funds Document Centre

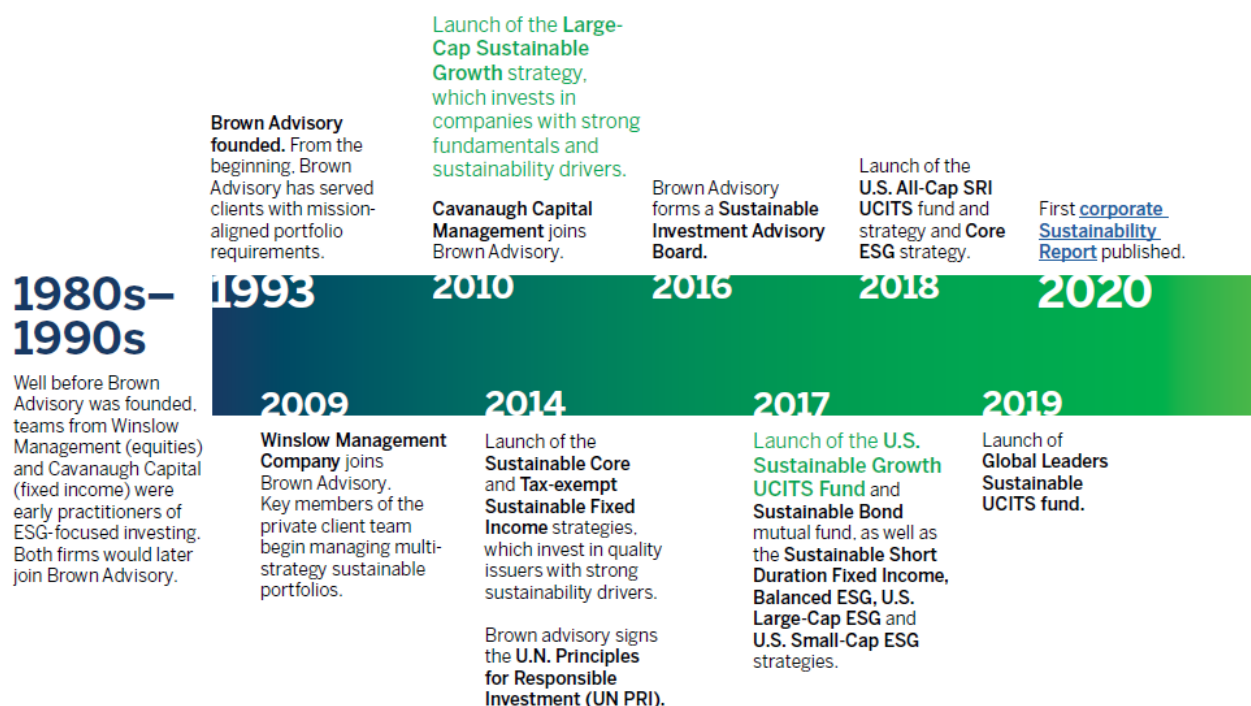
2. General information about the fund management company

2.1. Name of the fund management company that manages the applicant fund(s)

The investment manager is Brown Advisory LLC ('Brown Advisory').

2.2. What are the company's track record and principles when it comes to integrating SRI into its processes?

Brown Advisory has three decades of helping clients to build portfolios aligned with their values, and more than a decade of experience building Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) integrated funds. We believe that sustainable investing is an investment approach that can drive performance, values alignment, and positive impact. Brown Advisory has provided both private and institutional clients with a broad range of mandates in sustainable investing. The sustainable investment strategies we offer are focused on performance first, and we use ESG research alongside fundamental research to help identify better investment opportunities to understand which ESG factors drive investment performance.



Please see our [Sustainable Investing page](#) on our website for further information.

2.3. How does the company formalise its sustainable investment process?

Brown Advisory has published three policies related to Sustainable Investing on our website:

- [Sustainable Investing Policy](#)
- [Institutional Engagement Policy](#)
- [Proxy Voting At Brown Advisory](#)

Brown Advisory employs 20+ colleagues who are wholly or predominantly dedicated to Sustainable Investing. The firm has also established a Sustainable Investing Advisory Board, the members of which can be viewed [here](#).

2.4. How are ESG risks and opportunities – including those linked to climate change – understood/taken into account by company?³

Sustainable Investing at Brown Advisory seeks, first and foremost, to contribute positively to the performance of our strategies. Our research efforts aim to uncover ESG risks that may hinder the return from an investment, as well as sustainable opportunities that may lead to better returns.

All portfolio managers at Brown Advisory have access to proprietary ESG tools that the firm's ESG research analysts produce. These tools include an ESG Assessment that includes two sections which are used to identify ESG risks and opportunities:

- **ESG Risk Assessment:** The assessment seeks to produce a proprietary view on a broad set of potentially material ESG risks facing an investment, and documents what may be deemed as ESG controversies associated with the company or issuer. Analysis focuses on the absolute risks that may be present, as well as the company or issuer's ability and track record in managing those risks. When the assessment is complete, the ESG research team assigns an ESG risk management rating to the company/issuer.
- **Sustainable Opportunity Assessment:** This assessment aims to identify environmental, social or governance factors with the potential to enhance long-term returns or generate positive environmental or social benefits. Following a review of the issuer's product/service offerings and operations, the ESG research team assign a sustainable opportunity rating to the issuer.

In addition to the two assessments described above, sustainable opportunities and ESG risks can also be identified through engagement with the issuer or through thematic/sector-focused investigative research. ESG reporting is available to portfolio managers, and portfolio managers running the firm's equity funds review this reporting at least quarterly. For Sustainable Strategies, ESG risks and sustainable opportunities are constantly monitored by the ESG research team and any material updates are communicated to portfolio managers during investment team meetings or on an as needed basis.

Risks and opportunities linked to climate change would be identified through the ESG research tools described above. Brown Advisory seeks to support the transition to a low carbon economy through our sustainable investments, and in addition to seeking to invest in issuers that manage their climate-related risks well, many of the issuers in our Sustainable Investment strategies are also contributing to facilitate the transition to a low carbon economy. Brown Advisory has designated climate change to be one of our engagement priorities, and we seek to bring it up wherever appropriate with issuers during engagements. Lastly, Brown Advisory is a member or signatory of a number of organizations and initiatives with missions related to climate change. For example, Brown Advisory is a supporter of Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), signatory of Climate Action 100+ and United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (UN PRI), as well as members of Ceres, among others. These memberships are an important resource for our continual enhancement of our approach to identifying climate risks and opportunities, and integrating them into our investment decisions.

³ Reference to Article 173 of the French TECV Act and the TCFD recommendations (risks and opportunities section)

Brown Advisory became a carbon neutral company⁴ in 2020. We offset our Scope 2 emissions through certified Renewable Energy Credits. For our remaining 2020 emissions (almost entirely Scope 3), we invested carbon offset projects certified by Verra and Gold Standard, leading third-party verification sources for high quality offsets.

2.5. How many employees are directly involved in the company's sustainable investment activity?

Brown Advisory has 20+ colleagues who are wholly or largely dedicated to our sustainable investing practice. These colleagues are embedded into the firm's institutional or private client business. These colleagues include:

- Head of Sustainable Investing Business
- Chief Investment Officer of Sustainable Investing
- Chair of Sustainable Investing
- Head of Sustainable Fixed Income
- Equity ESG Research Analysts
- Fixed Income ESG Research Analysts
- Private Equity Analysts
- Investment Analysts
- Sustainable Investing Analysts
- Product Specialists
- Portfolio Analysts

Brown Advisory has also established a [Sustainable Investing Advisory Board](#) which includes 9 members, four of whom are independent.

2.6. Is the company involved in any RI initiatives?

General Initiatives	Environmental/Climate Initiatives	Social Initiatives	Governance Initiatives
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ECCR – Ecumenical Council for Corporate Responsibility <input type="checkbox"/> EFAMA RI WG <input type="checkbox"/> European Commission's High-Level Expert Group on Sustainable Finance <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ICCR – Interfaith Center on Corporate Responsibility <input type="checkbox"/> National Asset Manager Association (RI Group) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRI - Principles For Responsible Investment <input type="checkbox"/> SIFs - Sustainable Investment Fora <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SASB: Sustainability Accounting Standards Board • SRI Conference & Community • Intentional Endowments Network • BASIC: Boston Area Sustainable Investment Consortium • Impact Management Project • WISE: Women Investing for a Sustainable Economy 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CDP – Carbon Disclosure Project (please specify carbon, forest, water etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Climate Bond Initiative <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Green Bond Principles <input type="checkbox"/> IIGCC – Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change <input type="checkbox"/> Montreal Carbon pledge <input type="checkbox"/> Paris Pledge for Action <input type="checkbox"/> Portfolio Decarbonization Coalition <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ceres • TCFD: Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures • Climate Action 100+ 	<input type="checkbox"/> Access to Medicine Foundation <input type="checkbox"/> Access to Nutrition Foundation <input type="checkbox"/> Accord on Fire and Building Safety in Bangladesh <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confluence Philanthropy • Mission Investor Exchange 	<input type="checkbox"/> ICGN – International Corporate Governance Network <input type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify)

⁴ This refers to Brown Advisory's operational carbon neutrality and does not reference the carbon associated with its investments.

2.7. What is the total number of SRI assets under the company's management?

As of 31st May 2021, Brown Advisory managed just over \$30 billion in sustainable investing mandates.

Please see our [Sustainable Investing page](#) for the Sustainable Funds we offer.

3. *General information about the SRI fund(s) that come under the scope of the Code*

3.1. What is (are) the fund(s) aiming to achieve by integrating ESG factors?

Sustainable investing at Brown Advisory seeks to integrate ESG factors into the investment process to contribute positively to the performance of our strategies. Our research aims to uncover environmental, social and governance risks that may hinder the return from an investment, as well as sustainable opportunities that may lead to better returns. Brown Advisory's preferred approach to Sustainable Investing is one of ESG integration. This fund offers an additional client solution that combines ESG integration with negative screens designed to seek to avoid exposure to certain controversial business activities.

3.2. What internal or external resources are used for ESG evaluation of the issuers who make up the investment universe of the fund(s)?

Brown Advisory's ESG research analysts are a core component of the firm's broader investment research team. Our ESG research analysts work together across asset classes to develop overarching ESG research tools, and to provide research coverage of overlapping portfolio names that are helped or are being considered for portfolios. Currently, Brown Advisory has 7 ESG research analysts.

The ESG research team conducts deep due diligence using a combination of primary research and third-party data sources, in an effort to fully understand the sustainable risks and opportunities associated with a given investment. Resources used to conduct the bottom-up assessments include information gathered from management calls, issuer filing, sustainability disclosures, industry journals, expert networks and third-party ESG research. The third-party ESG research referenced is provided by CDP, MSCI ESG Research, Institutional Shareholder Service (ISS), and Bloomberg New Energy Finance.

3.3. What ESG criteria are taken into account by the fund(s)?

The portfolio managers focus on investing in companies with sound fundamentals and with the following sustainability drivers that directly benefit a company's long-term prospects for growth. Our investment approach is deeply focussed on customer outcomes. As such we look for companies that use sustainability, typically environmental or social, in a positive way to compound a competitive advantage, and avoid companies that harm their customers (e.g. tobacco companies).

We are looking for what we term a "triple win". This means a situation where customers can win through a great product or service serving their needs, the shareholder can win through attractive economics and the environment or society at large can also benefit. We seek companies with strong SBA Drivers incorporated into their business in a way that helps drive material value for customers and meaningful differentiation versus peers.

We invest using innovative ESG research and in particular how we use our proprietary concept of Sustainable Business Advantage (SBA) to identify compelling long-term investments. There are three distinct ways companies can use SBA to improve their financial position:

1. **Revenue Growth:** by offering a product or service that helps customers reduce the cost of doing business – energy usage, water intake, raw material usage – helping to drive productivity and efficiency for their customers.
2. **Cost Improvements:** companies that are productivity leaders themselves.

3. **Enhanced Franchise Value:** Improving the overall value of the business franchise through increasing customer loyalty, elevating the brand reputation, and improving employee engagement, retention and recruitment.

Multiple ESG criteria evaluated when conducting ESG analysis for these funds. These criteria are assessed through bottom-up ESG analysis based on qualitative and quantitative data. The ESG criteria evaluated may include, though are not limited to:

Environment:

- Climate change
- Emissions reporting, goal setting and action
- Water quality, accessibility and management
- Responsible and effective waste management
- Energy efficiency and renewable, lower-carbon energy sourcing

Social

- Diversity, Equity and Inclusion
- Social Justice
- Human rights and responsible labor management
- Data privacy and AI ethics

Governance

- Executive compensation, including the link of executive compensation to ESG metrics
- Diverse and inclusive board composition
- Transparency with regard to political spending

3.4. What principles and criteria linked to climate change are taken into account in the fund(s)?⁵

We view climate change to be a tangible risk in our investment portfolios, and a clear and present threat to society and the environment.

Criteria linked to climate change are taken into account through the ESG analysis and stewardship activities conducted for this fund.

ESG Analysis: The fund's ESG analysis includes analysis that seeks to identify physical climate risks and transition risks that may be material to a company's business practices, as well as identify companies taking advantage of opportunities to manage and minimize their use of natural resources and may lead to revenue growth, cost improvements or enhanced franchise value (i.e. companies with Sustainable Business Advantages as described in question 3.3.). In order to assess the strength of the companies approach to climate change, many criteria are assessed including the company's reporting and transparency as it pertains to climate, climate change vulnerability, emissions, energy use and mix, the setting of science-based targets, commitments to carbon neutrality, and management of climate-related metrics within the supply chain. The product or service offerings of the company or its internal operations are also assessed to determine if they are helping to solve or reduce some of the challenges associated with climate change. The investment team also partners with trusted climate experts to deepen our due diligence on climate-related issues. These partners include TCFD, SASB, Ceres, UN PRI, members of our Sustainable Investing Advisory Board and the academic community.

Back-end screen: On the back-end of the process a screen is run to ensure the fund avoids exposure to certain carbon intensive industries whose emissions and other actions are usually serving to hinder the transition to a low carbon economy. The Fund seeks to exclude companies whose primary business activities are directly tied to conventional exploring, extracting, producing, manufacturing or refining coal, oil or gas; companies whose

⁵ Reference to Article 173 of the French TECV Act see paragraphs 3 and 4 of Article D.533-16-1 of Chapter III of the French Legal Code):

<https://www.legifrance.gouv.fr/affichCodeArticle.do?cidTexte=LEGITEXT000006072026&idArticle=LEGIARTI000031793697>

primary business activities are directly tied to producing electricity derived from fossil fuels; companies with significant assets directly invested in conventional fossil fuel reserves.

Engagement and Proxy Voting: Climate change is one of Brown Advisory's engagement priorities, and the managers of the fund seek to discuss climate change with companies wherever relevant. We many encourage companies to report on and manage physical and transition climate risk, align lobbying and political spending with climate goals, set science-based targets for reducing GHG emissions, among other asks. Our approach to engaging on climate issues has benefited from our partnership with initiatives and organizations such as the Interfaith Centre for Corporate Responsibility, CDP and the Climate Action 100+. Lastly, the portfolio managers support proposals that we believe are in line with strong management of climate-related risks.

3.5. What is the ESG analysis and evaluation methodology of the fund manager/fund management company (how is the investment universe built, what rating scale is used etc.)?

ESG analysis is integrated throughout the investment process for the fund, and ESG research analysts are included in investment team meetings where ESG considerations are taken into account during conversations around idea generation through a decision to sell a security in the fund.

ESG analysis is integrated through the use of the tools in the ESG toolkit as described in the firm's [Sustainable Investing Policy](#). In particular, an ESG Risk Assessment and Sustainable Opportunity Assessment are conducted for every company in the portfolio, and this assessment is often accompanied by active efforts to engage directly with the company.

An ESG risk management rating and a sustainable opportunity rating is also assigned to each company based on the outcome of the assessments. Brown Advisory's ESG ratings range from 1 to 3, with 1 indicating strong ESG risk management and 3 indicating poor risk management. Where appropriate the ESG research team will also assign a + or – sign, to the rating to indicate if Risk Management is improving (i.e. +) or getting worse (i.e. -).

Before a security is added to the portfolio it is run through a screen to ensure that there is no or limited exposure to certain controversial business activities.

3.6. How often is the ESG evaluation of the issuers reviewed? How are any controversies managed?

Brown Advisory's ESG research analysts monitor the companies held in the portfolio to identify both progress and controversies associated with ESG-related activity. The back-end screen is run on the portfolio once a month to ensure continued compliance. Should our third-party screening provider indicate that a company has become exposed to one of the business activities that violate the screen, immediate action will be taken to confirm the exposure with the company and, if confirmed, the company will be sold from the portfolio.

Should the ESG risks of a company become elevated, the managers will seek to engage directly with the company to further understand why risks have become elevated and encourage the company to take actions to mitigate the risks. Should a company not take action to sufficiently manage these material risks, the managers will likely exit the position.

4. Investment process

4.1. How are the results of the ESG research integrated into portfolio construction?

The portfolio managers believe that ESG factors and fundamental factors go hand-in-hand, and there is no way to separate any disproportionate effect of one or the other on any investment decision or characteristic. As described earlier in this document, the fund uses a rigorous process to integrate ESG factors into the investment decisions, and there is close collaboration between portfolio managers, fundamental analysts, and ESG analysts to work out what factors, whether they be ESG or financial, are most material to the performance of the company.

4.2. How are the criteria specific to climate change integrated into portfolio construction?

Climate change considerations are incorporated into our ESG risk assessment and sustainable opportunity assessment as described in question 3.4. We look for companies managing ESG risks (including climate change) well and also companies with sustainable business advantages that provide solutions that slow or reverse the effects of climate change.

4.3. How are the issuers that are present in the portfolio, but not subject to ESG analysis evaluated (not including mutual funds)?

Please specify how much the funds can hold.

Not applicable. Every company in the fund undergoes the ESG analysis, as described in this document.

4.4. Has the ESG evaluation or investment process changed in the last 12 months?

Our ESG evaluation and investment process has not materially changed in the last 12 months. We do, however, challenge ourselves to continuously evolve our ESG tools and approach to enhance our investment process. For example, we continue to build out our sustainable investing team, evaluate new ESG tools and data sources, and partner with experts in the sustainable investing community to enhance our approach to sustainable investing.

4.5. Is a part of the fund(s) invested in entities pursuing strong social goals/social enterprises?

Yes, our search for fundamentally strong companies taking advantage of sustainable opportunities leads us to compelling investment ideas that span a wide range of business models and industry opportunities that impact social goals and enterprises. We do not target any particular impact mix and we have found ample opportunity to invest in companies that address a wide range of social issues, understanding that many of these issues intersect with one another. We categorize our holdings according to a series of impact themes, where appropriate, to illustrate the variety of challenges and opportunities that our portfolio addresses. Our portfolio allocation themes can be found on page 7 of the Global Leaders Strategy's Transparency Report found [here](#).

4.6. Does (do) the fund(s) engage in securities lending activities?

No, the Fund does not engage in securities lending activities.

If so,

(i) is there a policy in place to recall the securities so as to exercise the voting rights?

(ii) does the process for selecting the counterparty(ies) integrate ESG criteria?

4.7. Does (do) the fund(s) use derivative instruments?

If so, please describe

(i) their nature;

(ii) their objectives;

(iii) the potential limits in terms of exposure;

(iv) if appropriate, their impact on the SRI nature of the fund(s).

Historically, the Fund's managers have not invested in derivatives. However, they value the flexibility to use derivatives for efficient portfolio management purposes if required. The permitted use of derivatives, along with the types of derivatives permitted, would be documented in the relevant investment management agreement and would be subject to a risk management process established at a portfolio level. The suitability of instruments held in the portfolio would be subject to ongoing oversight by the compliance function. Derivatives which are speculative in nature would not be permitted.

4.8. Does (do) the fund(s) invest in mutual funds?

If so, how do you ensure compatibility between the policy for selecting mutual funds and the SRI policy of the fund(s)? How many funds can be held?

The Fund invests in global listed equities only.

5. ESG controls

5.1. What internal and/or external control mechanisms are in place to ensure compliance of the portfolio with the ESG rules on managing the fund(s) as defined in section 4?⁶

Before any security is added to the fund, it is assessed by ESG research analysts to ensure it meets the fund's ESG criteria, and the company is confirmed not to violate the exclusionary screens. The screen is also run on a monthly basis to confirm continued compliance of existing holdings. To ensure companies continue to meet the ESG criteria of the fund, continual monitoring of the ESG characteristics of companies and the fund are undertaken by ESG research analysts and the research assessments are updated periodically. Any updates to the ESG profile are communicated to the portfolio managers during working group meetings or on an ad hoc basis.

6. Impact measures and ESG reporting

6.1. How is the ESG quality of the fund(s) assessed?

The ESG quality of the funds is also assessed using quarterly internal reporting and annual external impact reporting. The reporting may be internal or external, and can include the following information:

- Carbon footprint
- DEI metrics (e.g. gender diversity on the board)
- Exposure to controversial business
- Engagement activity
- Proxy activity
- Exposure to impact themes
- Proprietary ESG company ratings
- Third-party ESG fund ratings

6.2. What ESG indicators are used by the fund(s)?⁷

We report on a variety of indicators including our impact themes, carbon footprint, engagement activities, proxy voting, and business practice exposure. Please refer to the strategy's Transparency report found [here](#), for examples on the different indicators we report on. More information on the ESG indicators used are as follows:

Impact themes: The assignment of an impact theme is based on the outcome of the ESG Assessment conducted for the company. The impact theme that most strongly aligns with the impact of the identified SBA is assigned to the company, as well as a secondary theme if appropriate.

CO2 emissions: Carbon emissions per dollar invested and weighted average carbon intensity.

Board Diversity: We report the proportion of portfolio companies that have no women directors. The data is sourced from MSCI ESG research manager.

Exposure to controversial business: Acknowledging that impact can be both positive and negative, we track portfolio exposure to various types of controversial business. Our internal reporting tracks exposure to alcohol,

⁶ Reference to Article 173 of the French TECV Act

⁷ Reference to Article 173 of the French TECV Act

tobacco, gambling, adult entertainment, conventional weapons, controversial weapons, board diversity, and the UN Global Compact. Analysis of business exposure is conducted in MSCI ESG Research Manager and confirmed through bottom-up ESG due diligence.

Engagement metrics: We track the number of engagements, content discussed, whether E, S or G issues are raised, and whether the engagement included a discussion of one of our engagement priorities.

Proxy voting: Proxy voting is one way for portfolio managers to signal support for E, S and G issues. Proxy data is included in our annual impact report and on a proxy voting dashboard on our firm's website.

6.3. What communication resources are used to provide investors with information about the SRI management of the fund(s)?

The Fund provides monthly factsheets and quarterly reports (please see these [here](#)). These include performance details and commentary. Given that the portfolio managers believe that ESG and fundamental factors go hand-in-hand, we view financial performance as indicating the success of ESG integration.

We seek to report our environmental and social impact is through our annual [ESG transparency report](#). In these reports we compare our strategies to their respective benchmarks in terms on certain impact metrics such as carbon emissions, carbon intensity and diversity of the board. We source this data from third-parties (e.g. MSCI ESG Research Manager and CDP reports) and from the companies directly. In addition, we can provide bespoke reports (such as carbon foot-printing or DEI data).

Finally, as a signatory of the PRI, Brown Advisory completes the PRI's annual assessment in which we report on our firm-wide sustainable investing activities. See our 2020 results [here](#).

6.4. Does the fund management company publish the results of its voting and engagement policies?⁸

If so, please include links to the relevant activity reports.

The fund reports on annual proxy voting and engagement activity in the fund's ESG transparency report (see [here](#)).

Furthermore, the firm publishes a firm-wide engagement report (see [here](#)) and proxy report for our Mutual Funds (see [here](#)).

⁸ Reference to Article 173 of the French TECV Act and the HLEG recommendations on GOVERNANCE

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